## Rossendale Borough Council Internal Audit Service Charter June 2016

#### 1 Introduction

- 1.1 This charter establishes the framework within which Lancashire County Council's Internal Audit Service operates to best serve Rossendale Borough Council and meet its professional obligations under applicable professional standards. It defines the purpose, authority and responsibility of internal audit activity, establishes the Internal Audit Service's position in relation to the council; authorises access to records, personnel and physical properties relevant to the performance of engagements; and defines the scope of internal audit activities.
- 1.2 It will be subject to periodic review by the head of Internal Audit and presented to the council's Senior Management Team and Audit and Accounts Committee for approval.

#### 2 Relevant regulations and interpretation

2.1 The requirement for an internal audit function in local government is set out in the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 ('the Regulations').

"Internal audit: A relevant authority must undertake an effective internal audit to evaluate the effectiveness of its risk management, control and governance processes, taking into account public sector internal auditing standards or guidance." Regulation 5. (1)

#### Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015

- 2.2 The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) is the relevant standard setter for internal audit in local government in the United Kingdom. CIPFA has published *Public Sector Internal Audit Standards* (*'PSIAS'*), which encompass the mandatory elements of the Global Institute of Internal Auditors' International Professional Practices Framework, including its *Definition of Internal Auditing*, *Code of Ethics*, and its *International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing*. These documents are therefore mandatory for internal audit in local government in the United Kingdom, and they are supplemented within *PSIAS* by additional public sector interpretation and guidance. CIPFA has also published a *Local Government Advisory Note* setting out sector-specific requirements for local government within the United Kingdom.
- 2.3 Lancashire County Council's Internal Audit Service therefore operates in accordance with this mandatory definition, code, standards and advice.
- 2.4 Section 151 of the Local Government Act 1972 states that every local authority in England and Wales should "make arrangements for the proper administration of their financial affairs and shall secure that one

of their officers has responsibility for the administration of those affairs". In its *Statement on the Role of the Chief Financial Officer in Local Government* CIPFA has defined 'proper administration' as including compliance with the statutory requirements for accounting and internal audit. It also requires the council's head of finance and property to ensure an effective internal audit function is resourced and maintained.

#### 3 Definitions

3.1 Both the Global Institute of Internal Auditors and *PSIAS* set out the following definition of internal auditing:

"Internal auditing is an independent, objective assurance and consulting activity designed to add value and improve an organisation's operations. It helps an organisation accomplish its objectives by bringing a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control and governance processes."

> Global Institute of Internal Auditors, and Public Sector Internal Audit Standards, 2013

- 3.2 The Global Institute of Internal Auditors and *PSIAS* also refer to the 'board' and 'senior management' and *PSIAS* recognises that these terms need to be interpreted in the context of the council's own governance arrangements.
- 3.3 The *PSIAS* defines the board as:

"The highest level of governing body charged with the responsibility to direct and/ or oversee the activities and management of the organisation. [...] 'Board' may refer to an audit committee to which the governing body has delegated certain functions."

Public Sector Internal Audit Standards, 2013

- 3.4 Within the council the board is defined as the Audit and Accounts Committee.
- 3.5 The council's Senior Management Team consists of the chief executive, director of business, head of finance and property services, legal services manager, HR manager, head of operations, head of ICT, and the planning manager.
- 3.6 The *PSIAS* also refers to the 'chief audit executive' who is deemed to be the head of internal audit.

#### 4 Responsibilities

- 4.1 The Regulations set out that the council must ensure that it has a sound system of internal control which facilitates the effective exercise of its functions and the achievement of its aims and objectives; ensures that the financial and operational management of the authority is effective; and includes effective arrangements for the management of risk.
- 4.2 The council has taken the decision to outsource its internal audit provision to Lancashire County Council's Internal Audit Service.

However responsibility for maintaining an adequate and effective system of internal audit remains with Rossendale Borough Council.

- 4.3 It is the role of the Internal Audit Service to provide independent assurance that these risk management, control and governance processes are adequately designed and effectively operated. The *PSIAS* makes clear that the provision of this assurance is internal audit's primary role and that this requires the head of internal audit to provide an annual opinion based on an objective assessment of the framework of governance, risk management and control.
- 4.4 This assessment will be supported by the identification, analysis, evaluation and documentation of sufficient information on each individual audit assignment, and the completion of sufficient assignments to support an overall opinion for the organisation as a whole. The scope of internal audit's work therefore encompasses all of the council's functions and services and all of its activities.
- 4.5 The requirement to be independent and objective means that the Internal Audit Service cannot assume management responsibility for risk management, control or governance processes. However the Internal Audit Service may support management by providing consultancy services. These are advisory in nature and are generally performed at the specific request of the organisation, with the aim of improving governance, risk management and control and will also contribute to the overall assurance opinion.
- 4.6 Accountability for responses to the Internal Audit Service's advice and recommendations for action lies with the council's Senior Management Team, which either accepts and implements the advice or accepts the risks associated with not taking action. Audit advice, including where the Internal Audit Service has been consulted about significant changes to internal control systems, is given without prejudice to the right of the Internal Audit Service to review and recommend further action on the relevant policies, procedures, controls and operations at a later date.
- 4.7 The head of internal audit will provide an annual report incorporating an overall opinion, a summary of the work that supports that opinion, and a statement of conformity with the *PSIAS* and the results of the quality assurance and improvement programme.
- 4.8 A note of the responsibilities of the Senior Management Team ('senior management') and the Audit and Accounts Committee ('the board') in relation to the internal audit function are set out in the appendix to this charter. The Internal Audit Service's responsibilities are set out in the *PSIAS*, and these are supported by detailed operational policies and procedures that are regularly reviewed and updated as necessary.

#### 5 Independence and objectivity

- 5.1 The Internal Audit Service remains independent of the council's other functions and, with the exception of its support to management in relation to counter fraud and investigatory work, no member of the Internal Audit Service has any executive or operational responsibilities. Auditors are expected to deploy impartial and objective professional judgement.
- 5.2 The Internal Audit Service's work programme and priorities are determined in consultation with the Senior Management Team and the Audit and Accounts Committee, but remain a decision for the head of internal audit. The head of internal audit has direct access to and freedom to report in her own name and without fear or favour to all officers and members, and specifically the Audit and Accounts Committee meeting to meet with the chair and deputy chair of the Audit and Accounts Committee.
- 5.3 The independence of the head of internal audit is further safeguarded by ensuring that her remuneration and performance assessment are not inappropriately influenced by those subject to audit.
- 5.4 All auditors make an annual declaration of their interests and update this during the year as necessary, and where any auditor has a real or perceived conflict of interest this is managed to maintain the operational independence of the service as a whole. If independence or objectivity are impaired in fact or appearance, then nature of the impairment is disclosed as appropriate. The head of internal audit makes an annual declaration that the internal audit function is operationally independent.

#### 6 Reporting lines and relationships

- 6.1 The head of internal audit reports functionally to the Audit and Accounts Committee and has direct access to the council's Senior Management Team including direct access to the head of finance and property, who is the council's finance officer under s.151 of the Local Government Act, 1972, the legal services manager, who is the statutory monitoring officer and to the chief executive.
- 6.2 The head of internal audit has, in addition, regular access to the chair of the Audit and Accounts Committee which meets at least four times each year, and the head of internal audit reports to each meeting of that committee under its terms of reference. The Audit and Accounts Committee is responsible for approving the annual audit plan.
- 6.3 The head of internal audit and the Internal Audit Service as a whole adhere to the requirements of CIPFA's *Statement on the Role of the head of Internal Audit*.
- 6.4 The Internal Audit Service and the council's external auditor operate to a protocol which sets out the relationship between internal and external

audit, and supports regular liaison between the two services, leading to more effective performance of both and avoiding duplication of work.

#### 7 Access to information

- 7.1 The Internal Audit Service has the right of unrestricted and direct access to the Council's records (however held), assets, premises and officers. The Internal Audit Service has the authority to obtain all such information and explanations as it considers necessary to fulfil its responsibilities.
- 7.2 Internal auditors respect the value and ownership of information they receive and the reports they produce, and do not disclose information without appropriate authority unless there is a legal or professional obligation to do so. They are prudent in the use and protection of information acquired in the course of their duties and shall not use information for any personal gain or in any manner that would be contrary to the law or detrimental to the council's legitimate and ethical objectives.

#### 8 Internal audit resources

- 8.1 The head of finance and property is responsible for ensuring that internal audit resources are sufficient to meet its responsibilities and achieve its objectives. If the head of internal audit or the Audit and Accounts Committee considers that the level of audit resources or the terms of reference in any way limit the scope of internal audit, or prejudice the ability of the Internal Audit Service to deliver a service consistent with its statutory and related requirements, they will advise the Council accordingly.
- 8.2 The council determines through its budget the number of audit days in the annual audit plan. The Internal Audit Service's resources are therefore deployed to meet an annual audit plan that pays regard to the relative risks accepted, and levels of assurance required, by Rossendale Borough Council.
- 8.3 Lancashire County council's performance and development review scheme is applicable to all staff within the Internal Audit Service, which supports continuous staff performance appraisal and development, and assessment of training needs.

#### 9 Quality assurance and improvement

- 9.1 The head of internal audit operates a quality assurance and improvement programme that both monitors the on-going performance of internal audit activity and periodically assesses the Internal Audit Service's compliance with the *PSIAS*. This includes both internal and external assessments and is set out in a separate *Quality Assurance and Improvement Programme*.
- 9.2 The results of the quality assurance and improvement programme including any areas of non-conformance with *PSIAS* are reported

annually to the Senior Management Team and the Audit and Accounts Committee.

#### 10 Non-audit work: investigations and counter-fraud services

- 10.1 The *PSIAS* recognises that the Internal Audit Service may go beyond the work needed to meet its assurance responsibilities and provide services to support management, including consultancy services or assistance with the investigation of suspected fraud or corruption. Such services apply the professional skills of internal audit and contribute to the overall assurance opinion.
- 10.2 The council operates a whistle-blowing policy and where appropriate investigates instances of suspected or actual fraud, corruption or impropriety.
- 10.3 Lancashire County Councils Internal Audit Service facilitates the Rossendale Borough Council's participation in the National Fraud Initiative, which matches data from the council's information systems with information held by other bodies to identify potentially fraudulent activity.
- 10.4 The Internal Audit Service is not responsible for the prevention or detection of fraud and corruption. Managing the risk of fraud and corruption is the responsibility of management. Internal auditors will, however, be alert in all their work to risks and exposures that could allow fraud or corruption and to any indications that fraud and corruption may have occurred. Internal audit procedures alone, even when performed with due professional care, cannot guarantee that fraud or corruption will be detected.
- 10.5 The head of internal audit should be informed of all suspected or detected fraud, corruption or impropriety and will consider the implications for her opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the relevant controls, and the overall internal control environment.

### Responsibilities in relation to the internal audit function

# Rossendale Borough Council's Senior Management Team ('senior management') will:

- Consider the Internal Audit Charter, including the internal audit function's purpose and authority;
- Consider, and contribute to the development of the risk-based internal audit plan, supporting its completion within the organisation;
- Receive reports from the head of internal audit on the Internal Audit Service's performance and audit findings, including the head of internal audit's annual report and overall opinion for the year;
- Make appropriate enquiries to determine whether there are inappropriate scope and/ or resource limitations to the internal audit function;
- Receive and consider the results of the quality assurance and improvement programme, including areas of non-conformance with *PSIAS*.

#### The Audit and Accounts Committee ('the board') will:

- Consider and approve the Internal Audit Charter, including the internal audit function's purpose and authority;
- Consider and approve the risk-based internal audit plan;
- Make appropriate enquiries of the Senior Management Team and the head of internal audit to determine whether there are inappropriate scope and/ or resource limitations to the internal audit function;
- Receive reports from the head of internal audit on the Internal Audit Service's performance and audit findings, including the head of internal audit's annual report and overall opinion for the year;
- Receive and consider the results of the quality assurance and improvement programme, including areas of non-conformance with *PSIAS*;
- Consider and approve any significant consulting services not already included in the audit plan, in light of any potential impairments to the auditors' independence or objectivity.

#### Lancashire County Council's Audit and Governance Committee will:

• Consider and approve the scope and form of the external assessments undertaken as part of the quality assurance and improvement programme