

## Rossendale Local Plan (2019-2036)

Schedule of Suggested Additional <u>Modifications</u> to the Rossendale Local Plan 2019 -2036 Publication Draft Plan (SD023)

September 2021

## <u>The Council's Schedule of Suggested Additional Modifications to the Rossendale Local Plan 2019-2036 Publication Version (March 2019)</u>

## <u>Additional Modifications Consultation - September to October 2021</u>

This table sets out a number of changes to the Publication (Regulation 19 – March 2019) version of the Rossendale Local Plan. These changes are considered to be minor/non-material amendments to the Plan which do not need to be considered therefore through the Examination process.

Although these minor amendments are not part of the Examination process, so are not something the Planning Inspector will make recommendations over, they are changes that the Council has identified as being necessary to improve the Plan. Therefore, any comments relating to them can be provided for the Council's attention using the unique 'AM Ref'.

Note: to clarify the main mods are based on the publication draft Plan version SD023 – but for ease of referencing, the MM schedule uses the paragraph numbers in the submission version SD001.

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	Contents
(without page numbers)	Tables and Figures.  Spatial Portrait.  The Spatial Strategy
r	iumbers)

HSO H44 – Land Adjacent Park Avenue/Cricceth Close, Haslingden
HS1 H45 – Land to side and rear of Petrol Station, Manchester Road
HE2 H46 - Land to the rear of Haslingden Cricket Club Haslingden Cricket Club, land off
Private Lane
H57 H50 - Foxhill Drive, Whitewell Bottom
HSS HS1 – Land off Lea Bank, Cloughfold
H60 H53 - Johnny Barn Farm and land to the east, Cloughfold
H61 H54 - Hareholme, Staghills.
H62 H55 - Land off Peel Street, Cloughfold.
H64 H56 - Hargreaves Fold Lane, Chapel Bridge, Lumb
76 H60 - Irwell Vale Mill
H71 H61 - Land East of Market Street, Edenfield
H72 H62 - Land West of Market Street, Edenfield
H73 H63 - Edenwood Mill, Edenfield
H74 H64 – Grane Village, Helmshore
Policy MSE-HS3: Affordable Housing
Policy MSZ-HS4: Housing Density
Policy MSB-HSS Housing Standards.
Policy H610-H56: Open Space Requirements in New Housing Developments
Policy MS43-HS7: Playing Pitch Requirements in New Housing Developments
Policy HSB : Private Outdoor amenity space
Policy MS9: House Extensions.
Policy HS10: Replacement Dwellings
Policy HS15-HS11: Rural Affordable Housing – Rural Exception Sites
Policy HS12 Conversion and Re-Use of Rural Buildings in the Countryside
Policy HS 13 : Rural Workers Dwellings
Strategic Policy HS38-HS14: Gypsies, Travellers and Travelling Showpeople
Policy HS15: Specialist Housing
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Policy EMP2: Employment Site Allocations
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Policy NE2: Land north of Hud Hey, Acre
Policy NE3: Carrs Industrial Estate North Extension, Haslingden
Policy EMP7 NE4: New Hall Hey
Policy NES: Extension to Baxenden Chemicals site, Rising Bridge
Policy M1: Waterside Mill, Bacup
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FacilitiesPolicy LT2: Community Facilities
Policy LT3: Tourism

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		Policy LT6: Farm Diversification
		Chapter 6: Transport
		Strategic Policy TR1: Strategic Transport
		Policy TR2: Footpaths, Cycleways and Bridleways
		Policy TR3: Road Schemes and Development Access  Policy TR4: Parking
		Monitoring
		Appendices
		Appendix 1: Parking Standards
		Appendix 3: Glossary
		Appendix 4: Housing Trajectory
		Appendix S: Superseded Policies
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AM002	List of	
AIVIOUZ		Tables and Figures
	Tables and	
	Figures	Table 1: Settlement Hierarchy
		Table 2: Calculating the housing requirement for the period 2021 -2026
	(without page	Table 3 lists the sources of the supply for the period 2021-2026.
	numbers)	Table 4: Housing Land Supply between 2021 and 2026
		Table 5: Calculation of the 5-year housing land supply (2021 -2026)
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		Figure 1: Swinshaw Hall Loveclough Location Plan
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		Table 2-8: Employment Site Allocations
		Table 9: Sources of employment land supply in gross area (ha) during the extended Plan period
		(2019 -2036)
		,
		Table10: Retail Hierarchy
		Figure 3: Typical current cross-section through Rossendale
		Table 11: Monitoring Framework: Rossendale Local Plan
		Table 12: Contextual Indicators
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Spatial Strategy and Strategic Development				
AM003	SD1	Para 37	At the heart of the Framework NPPF is a presumption in favour of sustainable	
		page 13	development, this is a golden thread running through both plan-making and decision-	
			taking.	
AM004	SD1	Para 38	the policies of the Framework NPPF that protect areas or assets of particular importance	
		Page 13/14	provide a strong reason to restrict the scale, type or distribution of development; or	
			any adverse impacts of doing so would significantly and demonstrably outweight outweigh	
			the benefits, when assessed against the policies in the Framework NPPF taken as a whole.	
AM005	SD1	Para 39	the policies protecting areas or assets of particular importance in the Framework	
		Page 14	NPPF provide a clear reason for refusing the development proposed, or	
			any adverse impacts of doing so would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the	
			benefits, when assessed against the policies in the Framework NPPF taken as a	
			whole. <del>o .</del>	
AM006	SD1	Para 40	Policies in this Local Plan follow the approach of the presumption in favour of sustainable	
		page 14	development contained in the Framework NPPF so that it is clear that development which	
			is sustainable can be approved without delay	
AM007	SD2	Para 43	The Green Belt releases have been taken forward following detailed analysis of the non	
		Page 15	Green non-Green bBelt alternatives.	
800MA	SD2	Para 44	For the Green Belt employment sites, the challenge of finding suitable employment land	
		Page 15	reflecting strong market demand close to the A56 corridor	

AM009	SD2	Para 45	Masterplanning or, for smaller sites, the development of a design framework,
		Page 15	
AM010	SD3	Para 48	The use of Pplanning Oobligations to address unacceptable impacts of development is one
		Page 17	way of mitigating negative impacts. The use of such Qobligations is particularly helpful
		1	Housing
A N 104 4	HS1	Para 53	Previously developed <u>land</u> (brownfield land) has been identified wherever possible but the
AM011		Page 19	supply of sites
AM012	HS2	Para 56	Approximately 50% of the sites allocated are small and medium in size reflecting the nature
		Page 23	of the Valley, and this follows recommendations in the NPPF
AM013	HS2	Para 58	Brownfield land has been utilised wherever possible (30% of the sites allocated are
		page 23	brownfield and 10% are mixed sit es site) but the supply of sites without significant
			constraints within the urban boundary is limited. Bringing vacant dwellings back into use is
			not counted within the allocations in line with national guidanceGreen Belt
AM014	HS6	Para 81	Affordable housing comprises social rented, affordable rented and intermediate housing
	HS3	page 33	provided to eligible households whose needs are not met by the private housing market.
AM015	HS7	Para 84	The Government's Housing White Paper 'Fixing our broken housing market' (2017)
	HS4	Page 33/34	encourages better use of land for housing by encouraging higher densities where
			appropriate, such as in urban locations where there is high housing demand This is
			repeated in the Framework NPPF within the "Making effective use of land" chapter and
			especially paragraph 123.

AM016	HS12	Para 98	The Framework NPPF identifies as one of its core planning principles, that planning should
	HS8	Page 39	"always seek to secure high quality design and a good standard of amenity for all existing
			and future occupants of land and buildings." Access to outdoor amenity space, particularly
			green space, is important for quality of life, health, for biodiversity
AM017	HS16 HS	Para 104 page 43	The Government has made it easier to change agricultural buildings to other uses without planning permission through the prior approval process, subject to meeting certain criteria. This policy applies when planning permission is required and it seeks to increase the supply of housing in rural areas and diversify the rural economy, whilst ensuring that works do not result in a substantial rebuild of structures and ensure that conversions which involve external alterations and / or other associated development e.g. hardstanding, boundary treatment etc. which are sympathetic  All applications should have regard to guidance set out within the latest version of the
			Council's Supplementary Planning Document on Converting and Re-using Buildings in the Countryside.
AM018	HS17 HS13	Para 105 page 45	The Framework NPPF states that new isolated homes
AM019	HS19 HS15	Pages 46 and 47 para 109	All applications should have regard to guidance set out within the latest version of the Council's Supplementary Planning Document on Converting and Re-using Buildings in the Countryside.
AM020	HS19 HS15	Page 47 Para 110	The Council will therefore welcome applications that meet the requirements set out in this policy and will work proactively with care providers to deliver schemes, especially where these meet the needs of those in deprived areas.
	1		Employment Growth and Employment

AM021	EMP2	Para 124,	This is in line with the Framework NPPF, which seeks to avoid
		page 54	
	<b>-</b>	1	Retail
AM022	R1	Page 64 Para 142	in the NPPF Framework recognises
AM023	R1	Page 64 Para 143	2034 <u>.</u> ; <u>†T</u> his study
AM024	R1	Page 64 Para. 145	the NPPF Framework requires
AM025	R1	Page 65 Para. 146	with the NPPF Framework.
AM026	R1	Page 66 Para150	centres, the NPPF Framework requires
AM027	R1	Page 66 Para 150	in the NPPF Framework to address
AM028	R3	Page 68 Para 155	In Bacup, for example,
AM029	R3	Page 68 Para155	Morrisons' foodstore
AM030	R3	Page 68 Para 155	Irwell Street, as well
AM031	R3	Page 68 Para 155	a reduction in to the

AM032	R3	Page 68 Para 155	units <u>.</u> and t The PSA has also been
AM033	R6	Page 71	Planning Document, including
AM034	R6	Page 71 Para 162	In Rawtenstall Rossendale, Deardengate  Environment
AM035	ENV1	Page 73 Para 165	distinctiveness. <u>"</u> "Anywhere"
AM036	ENV1	Page 74 Para 165	appearing cramped, and
AM037	ENV1	Page 74 Para 165	Wherever possible, internal layouts
AM038	ENV2	Page 76, Para 168	<ul> <li>Bacup Town Centre; -</li> <li>Rawtenstall Town Centre; -</li> <li>Lovecloughfold; -</li> <li>Goodshawfold; -</li> <li>Cloughfold; -</li> <li>Fallbarn; -</li> <li>Whitworth Square; -</li> <li>Irwell Vale; -and</li> <li>Chatterton Strongstry.</li> </ul>

AM039	ENV2	Page 77,	Development needs to be in accordance with the Framework NPPF and relevant Historic
		Para 171	England guidance,:
AM040	ENV4	Page 83,	As well as Core Areas, Sstepping stone habitats will be particularly protected;
		Para 181	
AM041	ENV4	Page 83,	wider green infrastructure value_which need to be afforded protection. The study also
		Para 182	emphasises the importance of cross-border linkages and the value of the network for flood
			risk management and leisure. Where there are elements of limited value within a larger area,
			it may be possible to release part of a site whilst retaining and enhancing elements of most
			environmental value and/or contribute to the enhancement of another part of the network in
			line with Policy ENV5. Rossendale's ecological network map as identified in the study is
			included in Appendix 2. Further details on Rossendale's ecological network will be set out in
			a Supplementary Planning Document (SPD).
AM042	ENV5	Page 84,	In Rossendale it includes Ecological Networks, "Greenlands", and linear corridors such as
		85Para 185	cycle routes and waterways ("blue infrastructure"),
			Opportunities will be taken to working with partners to enhance the network wherever
			possible.
AM043	ENV7	Page 90, Para 193	The Framework NPPF and national guidance on renewable energy highlights

AM044	ENV9	Page 95, Para 212	The Framework NPPF sets strict tests
	<u> </u>		Leisure and Tourism
AM045	LT1	Page 99 Para 224	Built Ssports facilities at Fearns Valley Leadership Academy and
AM046	LT1	Page 99 Para 227	Multi-Use
AM047	LT2	Page100 Para 230	suitable, or
AM048	LT2	Page101 Para 232	validation <del>policychecklist</del>
AM049	LT3	Page 101	<ul> <li>Supporting the "Adrenaline Valley Outdoor Rossendale";</li> <li>The development, extension and upgrading of footpaths, cycleways and bridleways (specifically the Rossendale Way, Irwell Sculpture Trail and Mary Towneley Loop, and more generally the Public Rights of Way network), supported by appropriate signage, interpretation and public art;</li> <li>Support for the clustering of tourism related activities;</li> <li>Events promotion; and</li> </ul>
AM050	LT3	Page 102 Para 234	Manchester, that would operate operating alongside
AM051	LT3	Page 102 Para 236	Branded as the Adrenaline Valley Outdoor Rossendale
AM052	LT4	Page 103	barns, and sites

AM053	LT4	Page 103 Para 238	Borough it is expected
AM054	LT4	Page 104 Para 238	this Study Report recommended
AM055	LT5	Page 105	Management, such as those established by the British Horse Society, and should include details of effective land management to avoid over-grazing and run-off;
AM056	LT6	Page 106	without major alterations, or the
			Transport
AM057	TR1	Page 108 Para 246	for the movement
AM058	TR1	Page 109 Para 248	authorities <u>.</u> , m More information
AM059	TR1	Page 109, Para 251	Although Rossendale has the densest public rights of way PROW network in Lancashire,
AM060	TR2	Page 111 Para 252	The strategic public rights of way PROW and linking to  Adrenaline Valley" "Outdoor Rossendale"
AM061	TR3	Page 112	2) willWill prejudice
AM062	TR4	Page 113, Para 255	Borough it is important that parking standards promote sustainable modes of travel but also address local parking issues.

Appendices					
AM063	Appendix 5	Appendix 5: Abbreviations			
		<u>List of Abbreviations</u>			
		AIA Arboricultural Implications Assessment			
		AMR - Annual Monitoring Report			
		AQMA Air Quality Management Areas			
		BAR Buildings at Risk			
		BHS Biological Heritage Sites			
		BURA Brunel University Research Archive			
		CABE Commission for Architecture and the Built Environment			
		DfT Department for Transport			
		GTAA Gypsy and Traveller Accommodation Assessment			
		ELR Employment Land Review			
		FRA Flood Risk Assessment			
		HAR Heritage at Risk			
		HDT Housing Delivery Test			
		HER Historic Environment Record			
		HFR Housing Flows Reconciliation			
		HIA Health Impact Assessment			

HRA Habitats Regulations Assessment
IDP Infrastructure Delivery Plan
IWS Important Wildlife Sites
LEP Local Enterprise Partnership
LERN Lancashire Environment Record Network
LGS Local Geodiversity Sites
LLFA Lead Local Flood Authority
LNR Local Nature Reserve
MM Main Modification
NCR National Cycle Route
NPPF National Planning Policy Framework
OAN Objectively Assessed Need
OSA Open Space Assessment
PDL Previously Developed Land
PPG Planning Practice Guide
PROW Public Right Of Way
PSA Primary Shopping Areas
RIGS Regionally Important Geological Sites
RTPI Royal Town Planning Institute

SA	Sustainability Appraisal
SAC	Special Area of Conservation
SEA	Strategic Environmental Assessment
SFRA	Strategic Flood Risk Assessment
SHLAA	Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment
SHMA	Strategic Housing Market Area Assessment
SPA	Special Protection Area
SPD	Supplementary Planning Document
SSSI	Site of Special Scientific Interest
SuDS	Sustainable Drainage Systems